

# Magnetic Elements At High Spatial Resolution

Fatima Kahil

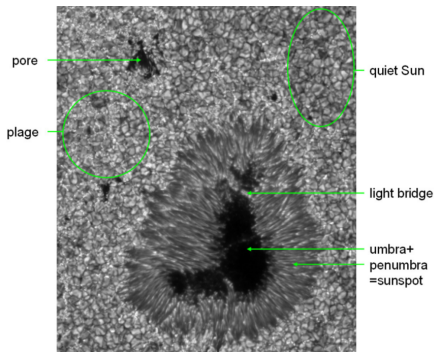
**S. Solanki & T. Riethmüller**

Max Planck Institute for Solar System Research-Göttingen, Germany

September 20, 2017

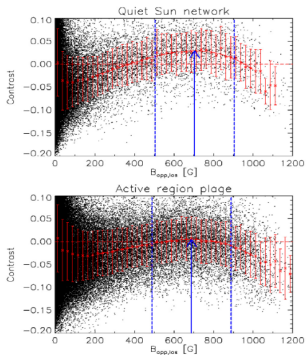
# Introduction - Magnetic elements

- **Magnetic elements:** quiet Sun (QS) network/(AR) plages (Schüssler, 1992)
- kG magnetic fields (1200-2000 G)
- 90 % of magnetic flux outside sunspots
- Bright in continuum and spectral lines (hotter than their surroundings)

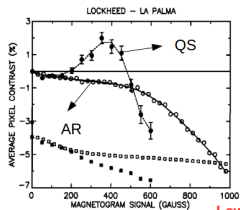




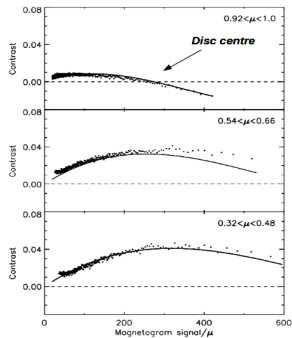
- Brightness-magnetic relationship: input for solar irradiance modelling.
- Different contributions from different magnetic features.



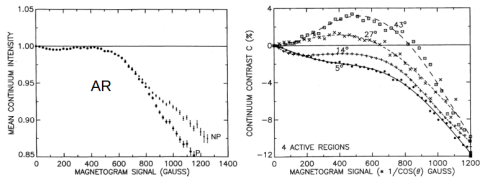
Kobel et al. 2011 (0.3")



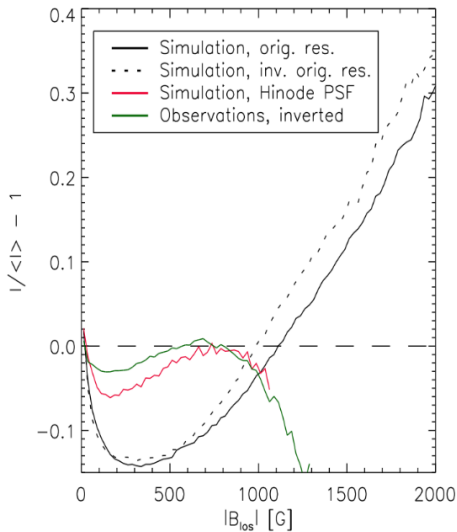
Lawrence et al. 1993 (0.45 ")



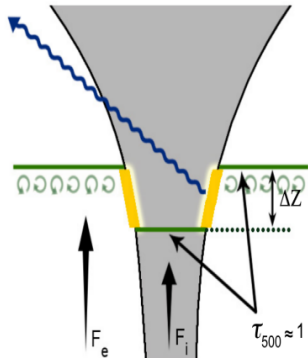
Ortiz et al. 2002 (4")



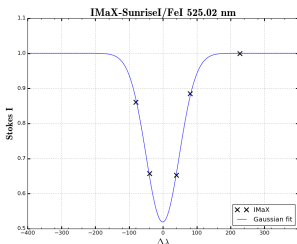
Topka et al. 1992



Danilovic et al. 2012

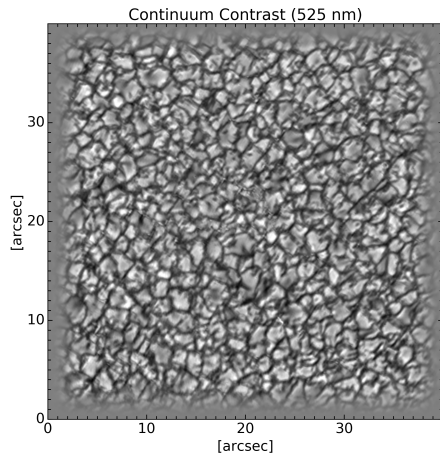
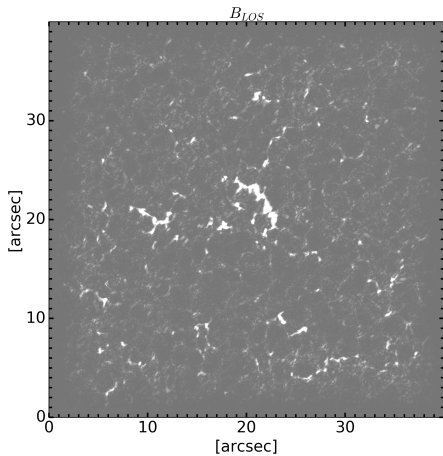


- Balloon-borne solar observatory:
  - 1 m telescope
  - Near-diffraction limit observations
  - UV filter imager (SuFI)
  - imaging vector polarimeter (IMaX) ( $0.15''$ - $0.18''$ )

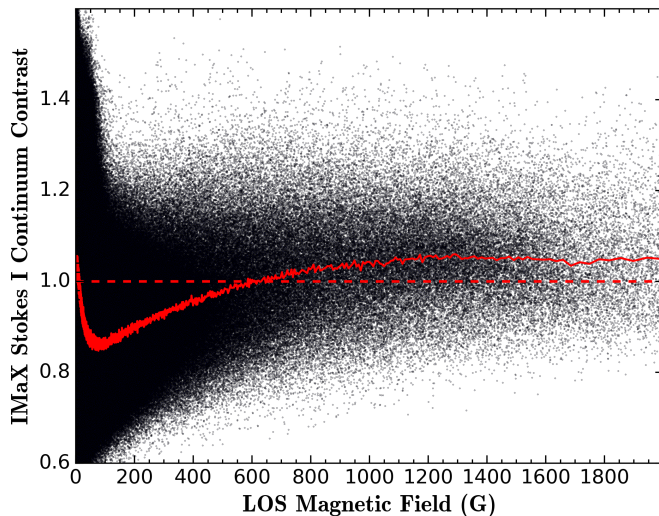


**What new insights could high resolution observations provide about these structures?**

$$\text{Contrast} = I / \langle I \rangle_{QS}$$



# Results - Continuum contrast vs. $B_{\text{LOS}}$



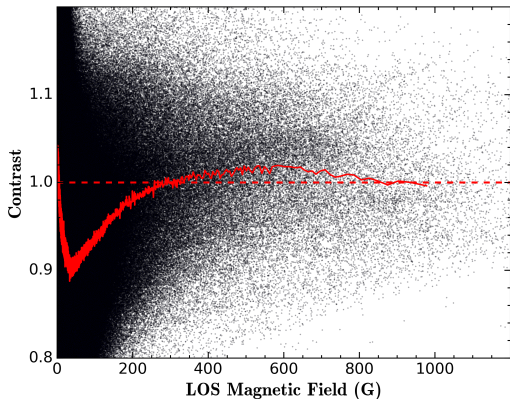
## Results - Continuum contrast vs. $B_{\text{LOS}}$

- Stokes I and V degraded to Hinode's spatial resolution
- Convolution with a Gaussian of  $\text{FWHM} = 0.32''$
- Centre of gravity method (C-O-G) to derive  $B_{\text{LOS}}$



# Results - Continuum contrast vs. $B_{\text{LOS}}$

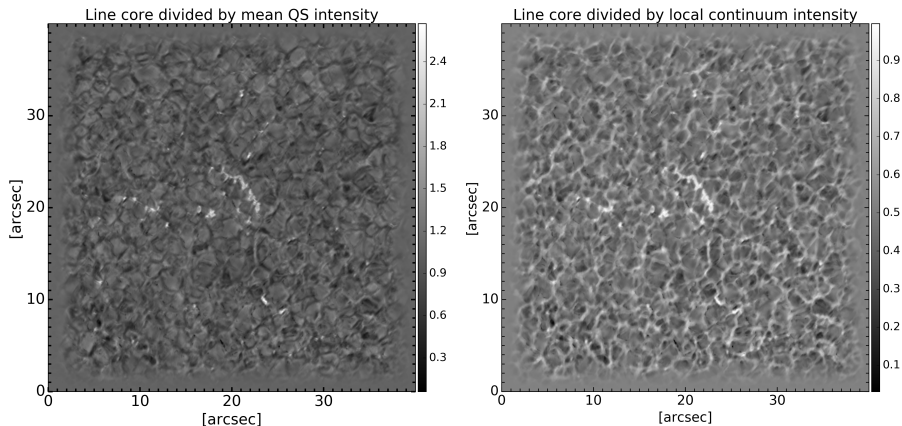
- Stokes I and V degraded to Hinode's spatial resolution
- Convolution with a Gaussian of  $\text{FWHM} = 0.32''$
- Centre of gravity method (C-O-G) to derive  $B_{\text{LOS}}$



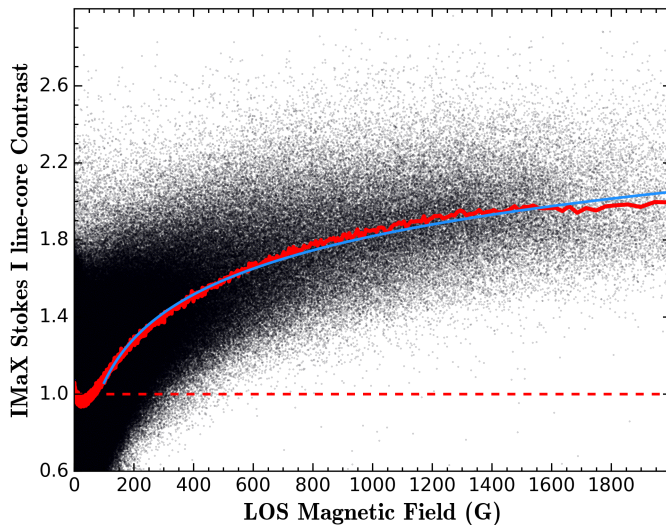
# Results - Line core contrast vs. $B_{LOS}$

## Line core computation

- Gaussian fits to Stokes I profiles

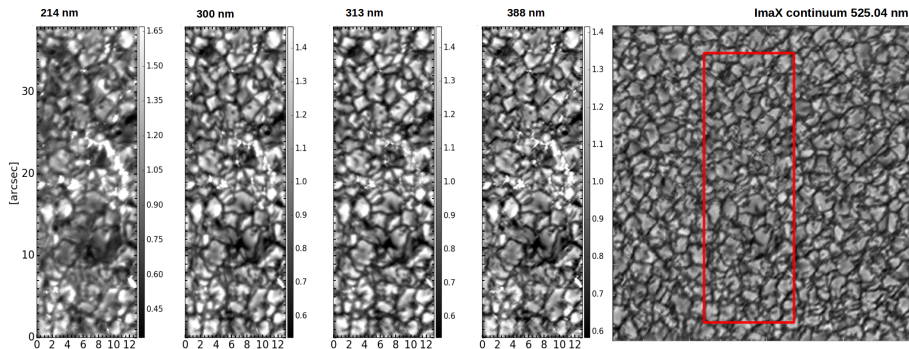


# Results - Line core contrast vs. $B_{\text{LOS}}$

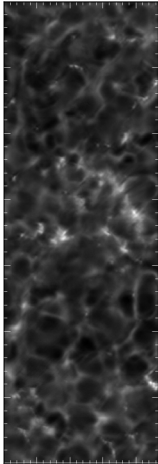


# SuFI data

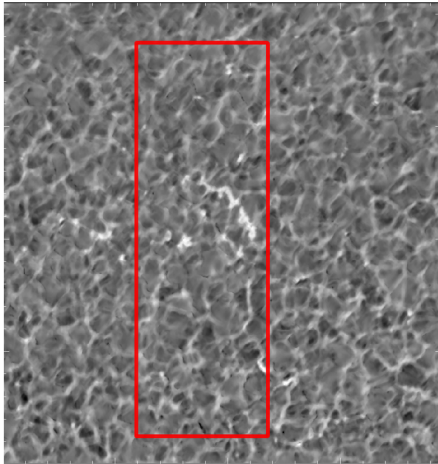
- Resample SuFI data ( $0.02''/\text{pixel}$ ) to IMaX pixel size ( $0.05''/\text{pixel}$ ) via bi-linear interpolation
- Cross-correlation technique to find x and y offsets to sub-pixel accuracy



Call H line core (397 nm)

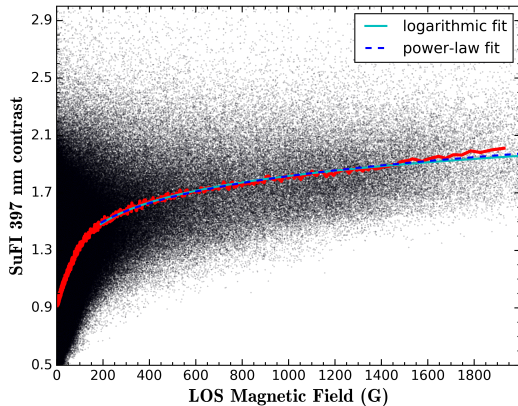


IMaX line core (normalized to local continuum)



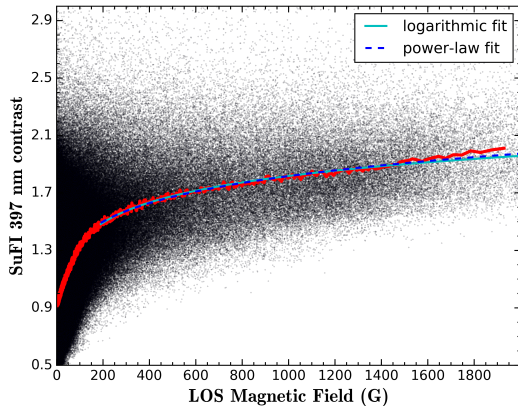
CFOV =  $13'' \times 38''$

# Results - NUV contrast vs. $B_{\text{LOS}}$



$$I = a.B_{\text{LOS}}^b + I_0$$

# Results - NUV contrast vs. $B_{\text{LOS}}$



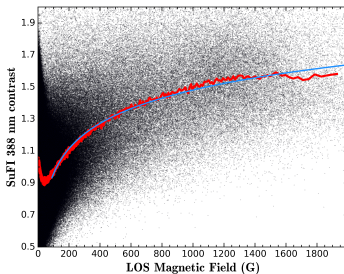
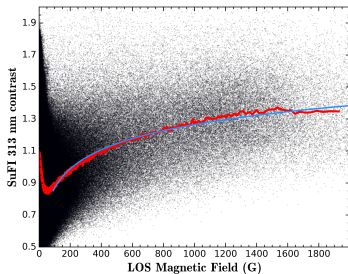
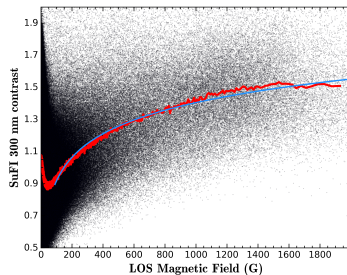
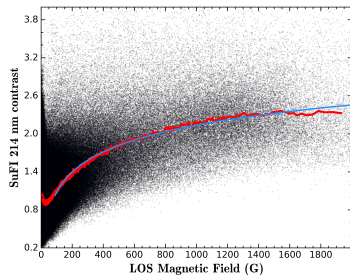
$$I = a.B_{\text{LOS}}^b + I_0$$

| Threshold (G) | b               |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 190           | $0.14 \pm 0.02$ |
| 210           | $0.16 \pm 0.03$ |
| 230           | $0.21 \pm 0.03$ |
| 250           | $0.28 \pm 0.04$ |

Table : Power-law fit

$$I = \alpha \cdot \log_{10}(B_{\text{LOS}}) + \beta$$

# Results - NUV contrast vs. $B_{\text{LOS}}$



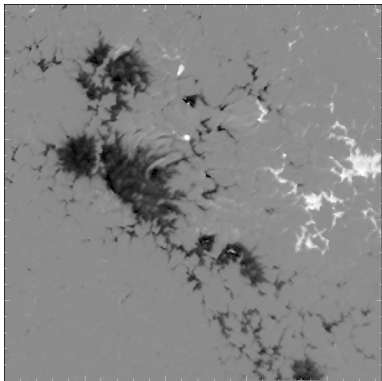


# Sunrise II

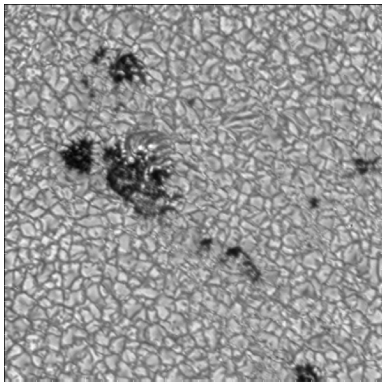
# Active Regions: Plage

$$\mu = 0.93$$

Spinor inversion  $\rightarrow B_{LOS}$



Cotninium contrast

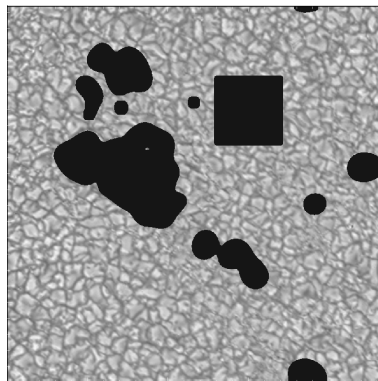
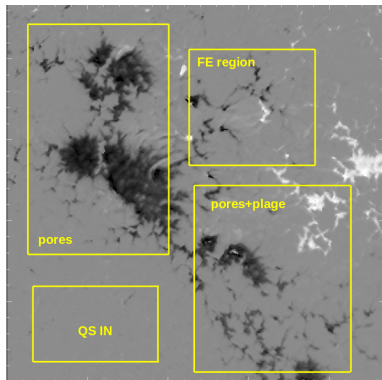


# Active Regions: Plage

$$\mu = 0.93$$

Spinor inversion  $\rightarrow B_{LOS}$

Cotninium contrast

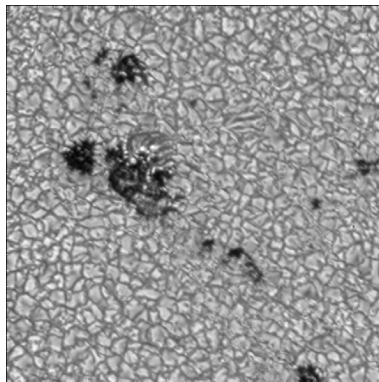
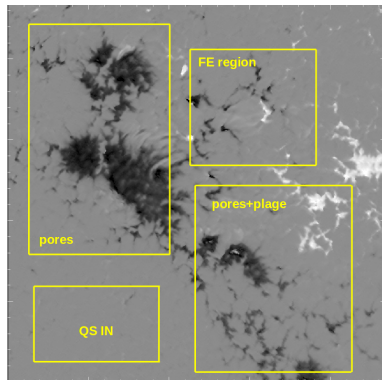


# Active Regions: Plage

$$\mu = 0.93$$

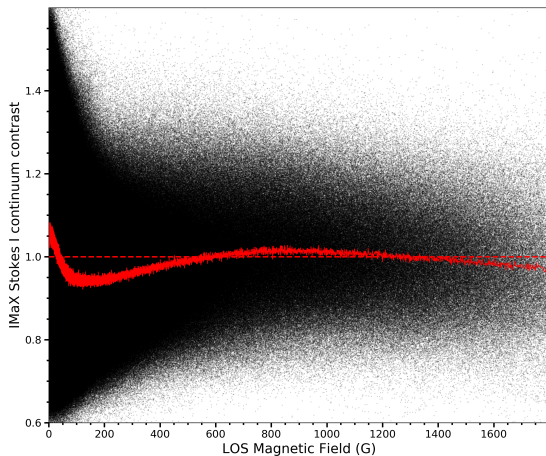
Spinor inversion  $\rightarrow B_{LOS}$

Cotninium contrast



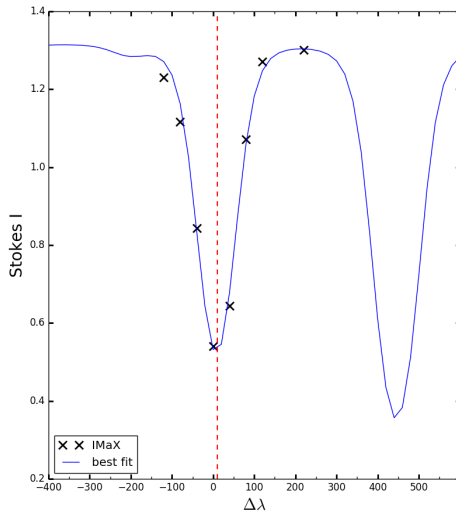
# Results - Continuum contrast vs. $B_{\text{LOS}}$

Non-parametric regression: peak at 850 G

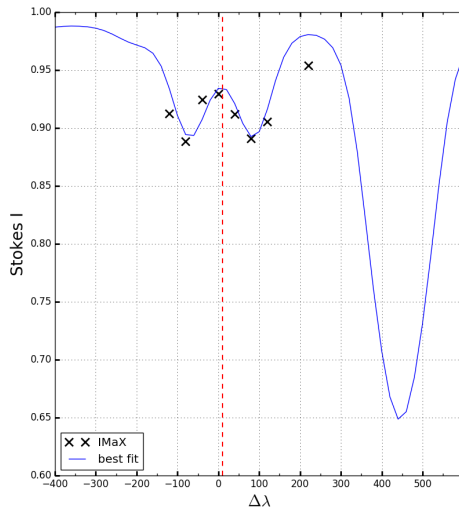


| Reference          | $\theta$ | Peak  |
|--------------------|----------|-------|
| Ortiz et al. 2002  | 4"       | 100 G |
| Yeo et al. 2013    | 1"       | 200 G |
| Kobel et al. 2011  | 0.3"     | 700 G |
| Berger et al. 2007 | 0.15"    | 700 G |

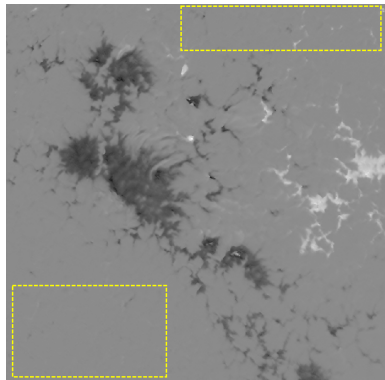
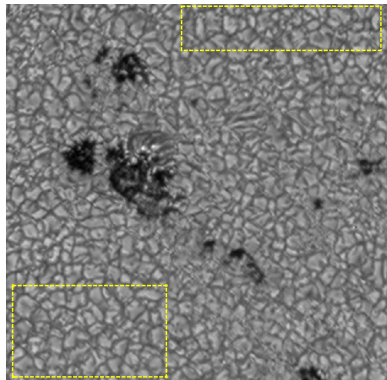
# Results - Line core contrast vs. $B_{LOS}$



# Results - Line core contrast vs. $B_{LOS}$



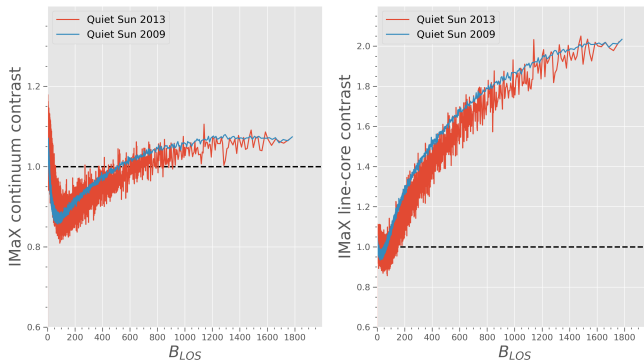
## QS regions from Sunrise II



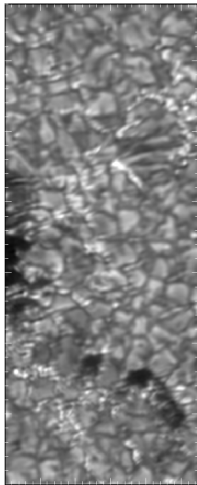


# QS regions from Sunrise II

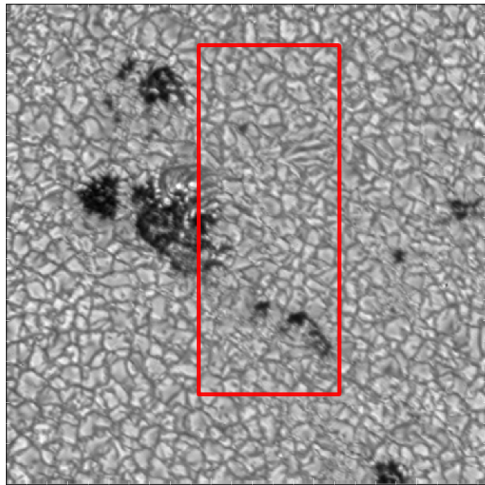
Quiet Sun (2013) vs. Quiet Sun (2009)



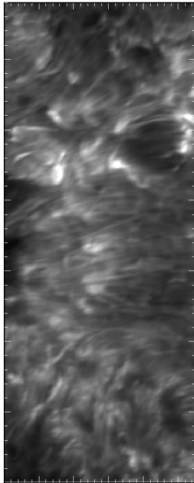
SuFI 300 nm



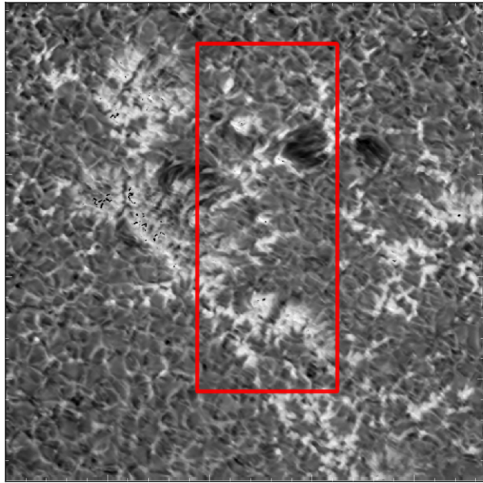
IMaX continuum



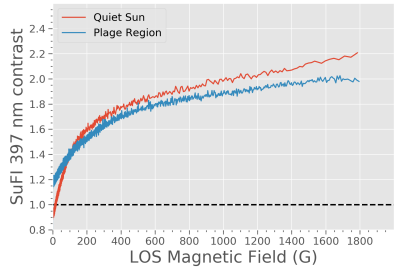
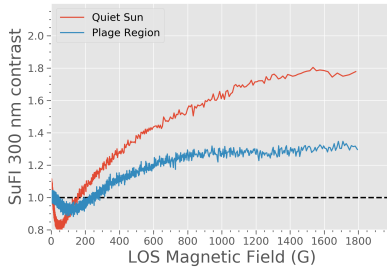
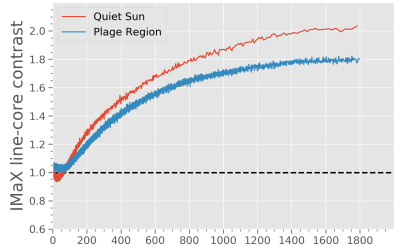
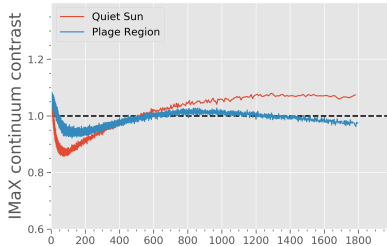
SuFI 397 nm



IMaX line core



## Quiet Sun vs. AR Plage



- Magnetic elements in the QS are starting to be resolved with IMaX (0.15''): (constant contrast at 525.02 nm in strong magnetic features in QS)
- Relationship between contrast in UV and  $B_{LOS}$  in QS at disc centre (Spectral irradiance models)
- Contrast- $B_{LOS}$  relationship (QS) best described by a logarithmic function, at all wavelengths.
- Next steps:
  - MHD simulations (with larger mean magnetic flux) vs. observations
  - Optimizing Stray-light correction

# Thank you!